GOOD NEWS FROM OHIO! The Richmond Enquirer of Saturday last contain

the following cheering intelligence from Ohio : "It seems to be admitted that Weller is elected Governor, and that the Democrats have a majority of three or five, in the Legislature. The Baltimore Patriot, (Whig,) has the following telegraphic des-

WHEELING, Oct. 19-11 o'clock, a. m. Weller is elected by a small majority, and the leg-

The Democrats have made a nett gain of one member of Congress-the representation standing, Democrats 11, Whigs 10. Ohio has done her duty nobly. Abolitionism has been routed,"

The Ohio Statesman of the 13th instant says: " Figure up the result as we will-twist the figures into all sorts of shapes, and believe all the wild reports of Whigs-still we cannot make out any other result than the exceedingly gratifying one that John B. Weller is elected Governor."

To show what our friends had to fight against in Ohio, we quote as follows from the Statesman: "At the late election, we were forced to fight Abolitionism, Free Soilism, Taylorism and every other of Congress and not the President of a great and patriotic nation. lor is abandoned, we fight the two strongest of these factions separate at the next election, and our triumph will be the largest majority ever given in Ohio

The young giant of the West will vote for Cass and Butler by from ten to fifteen thousand majority.

PENNSYLVANIA.

After all the Whig crowing over the result in Pennsylvania, and after the Register and other Whig pa pers, had claimed a majority of thousands for the Whig Governor, it appears that he is elected by the pitiful majority of only 143! What a brilliant Whig

The Democrats have elected their candidate for Canal Commissioner by a handsome majority, and have gained two members of Congress. In the popular vote for members of Congress the Democrats have about two thousand majority. The House of Representatives of the State is tied. Call you this a Whig

We received, a few days since, a letter from a well informed politician and reliable man in Pennsylvania. assuring us that 20,000 Abolition Whigs and Free Soil men would vote for Van Buren and Adams, and that the State was safe for Cass and Butler. We look upon Pennsylvania as one of the most certain States for the Democratic candidates.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.

et on which his name appears as the candidate for the publicans are doing. Fillmore will deter many whigs from voting the tick-Vice Presidency. In fact, we have every reason to believe that we can easily overcome the paltry majority (851) by which Mr. Manly was elected. What, then, could we think, or say of the democrat who ceedings of the Free Soil Meeting held at Jamestown, will not go to the polls on the 7th of November next? Under all the circumstances, would such a man be

North Carolina, to work like men who have a good cause -a cause that is dear to your hearts. We conjure you to work like men who have every reason to believe that your labors will be crowned with suc- for the purpose of showing that this Free Soil movecess. And what a glorious consummation it would ment is confined to the Whig party : be to redeem the good old North State from federal thraldom ? Where is the democrat worthy the name. who would not be willing to work—yes, to work with a heart and a will—for so glorious a consum-

democratic veter is brought to the polls. Let those whose age or infirmities will not enable them to get there, be provided with conveyances. The result may turn upon a few votes, and how badly would those feel, who, if they had chosen to exert themselves, could have carried those few votes to the polls? But we have talked long enough in this strain. We have spoken freely. We feel deeply in the matter, and must say what we think."

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

being present, to hear the Addresses and to witness the display on the part of this noble Order, at the Methodist Episcopal Church; and in lieu of any remarks of our own, we copy the following from the Register of Saturday last:

"This Order made a most imposing display in this City on Thursday night last on the occasion of the delivery of some Public Addresses in the Methodist Church. At an early hour the church was filled with Ladies and Gentlemen, and soon the members of the Order made their appearance clothed in their beautiful Regalia-the Grand Division in Scarlet, and the Subordinates in pure, unsullied white, to the number of about 100. After their arrival in the Church and an impressive Prayer, by the Rev. L. K. Wiley, Chaplain, a fine Temperance Ode was most exquisitely sung by Messrs. Cooke, Cosby, Young, and Evans; when Mr. Alex. M. Gorman, of our City, was introduced to the audience as one of the Speakers of the evening. The address of Mr. G. was a neat and beautiful piece of oratory-abounding in rich thought, chaste imagery, and happy simile—and was alike a credit to the speaker and the Order which he represented. We understand it is to be published.

of Ohio, was introduced, who made one of the happiest Addresses we ever heard. It was replete with matters of fact which had come under his own obser- tinetly stated, in the official proceedings, that the vation and knowledge, showing the deleterious effects " Meeting then proceeded to form a Free Soil Elecof the use of intoxicating drinks, and the happy results of a life of total abstinence—interspersed too with appropriate incidents and anecdote. We have not time for a more extended notice, but we must say held, does not say that the idea has been abandoned. in conclusion, that such a turn-out, with such speech- So the ticket is still in the field, and we have no

HE REFUSES TO RESIGN.

We find in an exchange paper the following: "An old gentleman thinks Taylor can't be much like Washington, for Washington resigned his office at the close of the war, whereas Taylor hangs on to his commission, and is electioncering for promotion." Gen. Taylor is evidently determined to have something to fall back upon, if he is worth already some two or three hundred thousand dollars. He believes in the proverb that "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush "; and he would no doubt regard it as the height of folly to "surrender" his thirty rations per day, with the very slim chances which he has of getting in possession of twenty-five thousand dollars per annum, as President.

The Detroit Free Press thus touches off the manner in which Gen. Taylor holds on to his rations and his \$600 per month :...

"Gen. Taylor is allowed four servants and eight horses by the government! That's pleasant. The people have to find Gen. Taylor horses and servants. In addition to this, he is allowed 30 rations per day, candidate for that \$25,000 per year. That would be

EDGECOMB IS READY!

At a Cass and Butler Club, organized in District No. 10, in Edgecombe County, the following Resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, That this meeting appoint eleven persons to act as a Cass and Butler committee for said district, whose duty it shall be to encourage the demo-crats to do their whole duty and go to the polls, and to ascertain those who are not able to attend and to make arrangements to bring them to and carry them home from the Polls on the day of election.

Resolved, That we recommend to our democratic brethren throughout the State, to organize and bring their whole strength to the Polls on the day of elec-

Resolved, That we view in Gen's. Cass and Butler, talents and qualifications of the highest order, and qualified to serve their country in any office in net, or the Presidency; and worthy of the confidence

of a free and independent people. Resolved, That we cannot support Gen. Taylor (to say nothing about Mr. Fillmore the abolitionist on renders the veto power to a party majority in Con-gress, and thereby if elected would become the tool

Resolved. That to abolish the veto power from the constitution, would tend to disunion, and utlimately destroy the rights and liberty of the South.

Resolved, That Congress has no right to interfere with slavery in the District of Columbia or the Territories-it would be a breach of faith entered into by

out every voter. Spare neither pains, nor expense, But no matter what he may do, or what he may omit nor effort. The election of the 7th of November, to do, if his opinions, when President, are to be reis one of the most important, and it may turn out to garded by himself as "neither important nor necesbe more momentous in its consequences, than any sary "-God PROTECT THE SOUTH! which has been held since this government was Freemen of North Carelina, beware! Here is a founded. If Gen. Cass is elected, the Union will be man, NOW IN COMMAND OF THE ARMY, preserved and the Slavery question will be settled for who refuses to resign his commission, and who is all time, and in addition to this, we shall have a seeking the highest civil office in your gift, while at continuation of those Democratic principles and meas- the same time he declares that his "opinions," even ures under which the country is now flourishing; but if elected, are "neither important nor necessary"! if Taylor and Fillmore should succeed, no man It was bad enough for him to say that he had "laid will be able to tell what calamitous consequences it down as a principle not to give his opinions"; but may ensue. We should have a military chieftain, this is ten times worse. That was an injury-this who declares that his opinions, even if he were Presi- is an insult. That was a blow deliberately aimed at dent, are " neither necessary nor important," and we the right of the people to know the opinions and should have, with his elevation to the Presidency, a principles of candidates for office-this is a practical triumph of all the factions in the councils of the denial of the importance and utility of the very office country-Taylor yielding, as he is pledged to do, to he is seeking. For, what do you want with a Presithe will of a bare majority in Congress, and Fillmore dent, if his opinions are neither important nor neces-The Democratic Press of this State has performed exerting his influence, and perhaps casting his vote, sary? We tell you, Whigs of North Carolina, that its duty faithfully in this contest. The last Wilming- against our dearest interests and rights. The vote of you run a fearful risk in voting for this man. Have ton Journal comes to us teeming with earnest appeals North Carolina may prevent all this-may elect Cass you forgotten Casar, Cromwell, and Bonaparte? to the Eastern Democracy to turn out to a man, and and Butler-may save the Union; and one vote may Look back at the wrecks of all former Republics. give us the benefit of their overwhelming majorities. turn the scale in North Carolina! How important, What destroyed them? Military rule-a "heedless then, is it that our friends should organize every where enthusiasm for military renown." And are you sure "We have every reason to believe that Cass and in the State, and bring all their strength to the polls! that we are safe? Is there no danger in the prece-Butler are stronger in the State than Col. Reid was Edgecomb sets the example; let every Democrat in dent? Pause and reflect, ere it be too late! in August; and we know that the abolitionism of the State look at Edgecomb, and do as her noble Re-

in this State, on the 13th instant. The Patriot utters far and wide It contains a vile slander upon our worthy the name of a democrat? We appeal to your- sundry groans over this movement, and winds up, as brave Volunteers; and it is not only a reflection upon selves, brother democrats, for an answer to this ques- a matter of course, by imploring all Whigs, every the character and fame of North Carolina but an inwhere, to vote for Gen. Taylor. That paper, as Gov. sult to her gallant people: We conjure you, then, brother democrats of Eastern | Morehead would say, is in a sad "fix." It has sowed to the storm-let it now reap the whirlwind. We quote as follows from the official proceedings,

"After a few preliminary remarks by John Staf-ford, Esq., with regard to the object of the Meeting, to the number and description of troops ordered to who would not be willing to work—yes, to work with a heart and a will—for so glorious a consummation?

We call upon those democrats whose circumstances afford them more time and leisure than their less fortunate brethren, to exert themselves to see that every democratic veter is brought to the nolls. Let those uphose were likely to vote that ticket were mostly Whigs; of the said order as relates to Captain Deas's compaand hence might thus so much diminish the whig strength as to give the vote of the State, which he strength as to give the vote of the State, which he the only troops you could rely on, in the event of meet-thought would otherwise be safe for the Whig candidate, to Gen. Cass, the Democratic candidate for artillery, &c., including your dragoons and mounted President, a result he should much regret, &c.

John Stafford, Esq., of Orange then followed, statng that his views differed is some degree from those just expressed by Mr. A., and that a Free Soil ticket would wield but little influence over the vote for either Taylor or Cass, so faras North Carolina is concerned. We had the pleasure on Thursday evening last, of and in support of his position, advanced the following: First-that the whig party was generally opposed to the war with Mexico, or the acquisition of any of her territory by conquest. And secondly—that Gen.
Taylor took a bold and active part in the commencement and prosecution of that war; and hence could not have been opposed to that measure as his friends With respect and esteem, your friend and servant, wish to represent, or he never could have quietly submitted to be made the instrument of any man or set of men, in effecting such a profusion of blood and treasure as that unhappy war has produced. From his view of things he considered the nomination of Gen. Taylor by the whig party, to involve so gross an inconsistency, as to preclude a considerable number of whigs from voting; and that unless a candidate should be presented, whose policy might better accord with their wishes, they would not vote at all. But by a "Buffalo, Oct. 17, 1838." third candidate being put in nomination, expressly pledged to favor their views, they can vote consistently, and thus record their protest against the Slavery Society of the County of Erie," has just come measures and the man, attempted to be forced upon to hand. You solicit my answer to the following them, solely in consequence of the mere military achieve-ments of Gen. Taylor." interrogatories:

The Raleigh Register of Saturday last says: There is no Van Buren Ticket out in this Statethe Jamestown Convention idea having been aban-After singing another Ode, the Rev. Mr. Walter, doned." We can tell our neighbor that he need not " lay that flattering unction to his soul." It is distoral Ticket"-the ticket was formed-and the Patriot, printed in the County where the Meeting was es, cannot but result in great good to this prosperous and praise-worthy Institution, in this community."

> We learn that the Mass Meeting at Ransom's Bridge, Nash County, on Friday last, was largely attended, and characterized by much enthusiasm. Able and effective Speeches were delivered by Perrin Busbee, Esq., the Hon. J. R. J. Daniel, and Maj. W. J. Clarke. The Democrats of that region are wide awake, and will roll up a tremendous vote on the 7th of November.

> A friend has promised us an account of the Meeting, which will no doubt be received in time for our next issue. The eloquent letter of the Hon. Weldon N. Edwards to the Committee, shall also, by request of the Committee, appear in our next. That distinguished gentleman could not make it convenient to be present, but his letter shows that all his energies and all his feelings are enlisted in the

We learn that our friends in Halifax County are in the finest spirits, and determined to poll their fall srength. Several Mass Meetings have already been while a common soldier is only allowed one. That's held, and another is to come off on the 2d of next of New York, a friend of Mr. Clay—many of the pleasant again. The General receives about \$600 month, at Enfield. In reply to the kind invitation Taylor men flying from the bargain with Lawrence while a common soldier is only allowed one. That's held, and another is to come off on the 2d of next per month from the government! That's pleasanter. of the Case and Butler Club of Weldon, we regret He thinks this is not enough however, and he is a to say that it will be out of our power to be present pleasanter still. He refuses to resign his office until he is elected. That's shrewd,"

on that occasion; but we can assure them that our heart and our best wishes will be with them.

ANOTHER LEPTER FROM TAYLOR! We find in the Washington Union another letter from Gen. Taylor, addressed to a gentleman in one of the Northern States, as follows:

" BATON ROUGE, La., March 29, 1848. Sin: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your polite communication of the 7th instant, asking my views on certain questions of demestic policy. I beg to inform you that I have uniformly declined yielding to similar requests, in the belief that my opinions, even if I were the President of the United States, are neither important nor necessary; and I regret to add, that I see no reason for departing, in the present instance,

from that course. With sentiments of much respect, I am, sir, your bedient servant. Z. TAYLOR." Here he declares that his "opinions, even if he

were the President of the United States, are neither the gift of the people, whether in the field, the cabi- important nor necessary"! Was the like ever before known in free America? Is not this an insult to the public intelligence? Is it not a gross reflection on the memories of Washington, Jackson, Jefferson, the same ticket,) for President who in his letter sur- Monroe, Adams, and Madison? Did they have no important nor necessary-is he to write his Messages? How is he to keep his oath of office ? How is he to approve a bill, or reject it? How is he to do any thing, as President, if his opinions are neither important nor necessary? Is he to do nothing but occupy the White House, while Congress, with such men as Corwin and Webster in front, is to be the Government? the States, and a violation of the constitution and its Or perhaps he will yield to Mr. Fillmore, (he says he compromises, and therefore dangerous to the liberties ought to have been " first on the ticket,") or defer to Maj. Bliss, or consult Balie Peyton, or give up the We repeat the watchword of the indomitable De- reins entirely to his Cabinet, composed of such men mocrary of Edgecomb-organize! organize! Bring as Corwin, Ewing, John Davis, and Truman Smith.

Slander against our Volunteers!

" CAMP NEAR MONTEREY,

August 19, 1847. My DEAR GENERAL: Your letter of vesterday has this moment reached me; and, although I reny ; as you very correctly say, in this state of things, men. The unwarrantable attack made on Colonel Paine, for no other cause but that of doing his duty with zeal, and in a soldierly manner, and compelling those under him to do so, is the most disgraceful and cowardly occurrence which has taken place since the commencement of the present war. The prompt measures you have taken to put down the same, which are entirely approved, I hope will restore a proper state of discipline in that corps, (the North Carolina regiment,) and that it will, for the time to come, by its good conduct, make amends for the errors it has fallen into.

General J. E. Wool, United States Army,
Commanding at Saltillo, Mexico.
Official: IRVIN McDOWELL,

Assistant Adjutant General."

Sir: Your communication of the 15th instant as Chairman of a committee appointed by " The Anti-

1st. Do you believe that petitions to Congress on the subject of slavery and the slave-trade ought to be received, read, and respectfully considered by the rep-

resentatives of the people?

2d. Are you opposed to the annexation of Texas to this Union, under any circumstances, so long as slaves are held therein?

3d. Are you in favor of Congress exercising all the constitutional power it possesses, to abolish the internal slave-trade between the States? 4th. Are you in favor of immediate legislation for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia?

I am much engaged, and have no time to enter into an argument, or to explain at length my reasons for my opinion. . I shall therefore content myself, for the present, by answering ALL your interrogatories in the AFFIRMATIVE, and leave for some future occasion a more extended discussion on the subject. MILLARD FILLMORE."

Taylor Endorses the Abolitionist.

Gen. Taylor, in his second letter to Capt. Allison, dated "East Pascagoula, September the 4th, says And I may add, that these emotions were increased by associating my name with that of the distinguished citizen of New York, whose acknowledged abilities and sound conservative opinions might have JUSTLY ENTITLED HIM TO THE FIRST PLACE ON THE

BRIBERY AND CORBUPTION. The New York Day Book, (a neutral paper with Whig owners and Edi tors) says, it is prepared to prove that Mr. Clay's nomination was defeated, and Gen. Taylor's nomination secured, by bribery and corruption-that Abbot Lawrence's money made the nomination! Mr. Lawrence is said to have offered one hundred thousand dollars for the nomination of Taylor as President and himself as Vice President-the money to be expended in efforts to carry the election. The money was paid by Lawrence, but the Whig Convention could ratify but a part of the bargain, the nomination of Taylor. in consequence of the speedy and unexpected nomination of Fillmore as Vice President by Mr. Collier, and going for Fillmore, in the hope of conciliating Mr. Clay's friends. So goes the story, and the "Day Book" says the proof shal be forthcoming as soon

THE CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE. It is due from the courtesy of the City Press, that honorable mention should be made in its columns, of FASHIUNARLE DRY BOODS the Annual Session of this Religious Body, which was held in Raleigh, last week. We are indebted to the kindness of a friend, who participated in its proceedings, for the following account of that body :

The North Carolina Christian Conference was

respectable for its numbers, talents, and the excellent spirit evinced in its proceedings. Its sessions were open to public scrutiny; and besides the general in-vitation given to the public to attend and witness its deliberations, the ministers and members of other religious denominations, were especially invited to take seats in the Conference, as honorary members of it. We like this; it is as it should be, among the followers of one common Lord. Several of the ministers of the Conference were eminent for ability and power: among whom were the Rev. Mr. Walter of Ohio, the Rev. Mr. Wellons of Virginia, and the Rev. Mr. strangers generally, is respectfully invited to an examina-Kerr, the Editor of the "Christian Sun," of our own tion of the State, who preached daily to admiring crowds, both at the Christian Chapel and the Methodist Church, which was kindly opened for their use. At the close of a harmonious session of several days continuance, contained in the following List, at the Store of the and kindness to its members and friends, and also to to wit: the Rev. Mr. Burton and his brethren of the Methodist Episcopal Church, for the handsome manner in which they offered the use of their house of worship to the Conference. The next annual session of the Conference will be held at the Christian Chapel in Chatham County, commencing on Friday before the Black, brown, and fancy colored Cameleon Lustres. first Lord's day in October next.

The occasion presents so fine an opportunity for giving a hasty notice of the rise and progress of this Lamartine plaids, and Stain striped Alpaccas, interesting branch of the Church of Christ, that we Plain and striped Mohair and Jenny Lind Lustres, embrace it, for the information of the public, and must say that among the many American marvels of this age of wonders, this American born "Christian" Church is not the least. It was but vesterday, comparatively so recently did it happen, that some dozen or so of pious men, chiefly in this State and Virginia, in view of the evils of sectarian strifes about human made creeds and disciplines and names in the Church militant, resolved for themselves to return to primitive New Testament Christianity, and re-erect the platform of Christ and his Apostles-call Bible things by Bible names-take, as their Church name, the simple, but expressive name Christian, without any human addition, as that given by Divine appointment for all the followers of Christ-the Bible alone, without any human addition, as the only authorized and all sufficient written confession of Faith and Book of Discipline, and given, as such, by Divine Inspiration to the whole Church upon earth-Christ as the sole Head and Legislator of the Church, and Christian character as the only test of fellowship, Under this banner they went forth, and in despite of the opposition they met, at every step, and maugre the predictions that their scheme was too Utopian for the spirit of the times, to succeed, they have already reached nearly a million in numbers; of which, in the United States, there are nearly two hundred thousand members, more than a thousand Churches, and fifteen hundred preachers, besides seminaries of learning, Silk Pocket Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, periodicals, book establishments, &c., fifteen or twen- Gentlemen's Black and colored Hoskin Gloves. ty thousand in Canada, some sixty thousand in Eng. Irish Linen, and Cotton Shirtings, land, and upwards of half a million in Continental Eu-rope. Possessing, as they do, so much wealth, talent, Kerseys, Linseys and Tickings, learning, influence, moral power, zeal, and success, in almost every State in the Union, and in our own State, also, with their plan of free salvation by repentance and faith, and holiness of heart and life, and an active itinerancy, it is evident that they are destined to exert an immense influence upon the destinies of man, and play no mean part as the harbin-gers of the latter day glory. October 22, 1848.

Loss of HAIR AND BALDNESS. Its remedy. Hear what Dr. Quigley says:

Dear Sir—You inquire of me whether I have used your Hair Tonic, and the effects. Several years ago my hair began to fall rapidly from

the scalp, and I had the prospect of premature baldness. During several years I used various preparations recommended for the bair, from which I derived no benefit. used three or four bottles according to the printed directions, and at the end of six months my hair was thick set, and since its tendency to turn gray was arrested.

I have never before given a certificate recommending patent medicines, which indiscriminately used, as they often are, do much injury, but in a case like the present where I know the article to be beneficial, and that it can do no harm; I have no scruples in stating facts within my own knowledge.

Yours, &c. JOHN QUIGLEY, M. D. To DR. D. JAYNE, Philadelphia.

CHILDREN DIE or Worms-Ave, and grown up people too. Dr. Jayne's Vermifuge-has never been known to fail to cure in the worst stages.

Symptoms of Worms. These are headache, vertigo, paleness of the lips, with flushed checks, grinding the teeth during sleep, disturbed dreams, sleep broken off by right and screaming, convulsions, feverishness, thirst, bad taste in the mouth, offensive breath, cough, difficult breathing, itching of the nostrils, pain in the stomach, nausea, squeamishness, voracious appetite, leanness, tenes-mus, slight chills or shiverings, drowsiness, fatigue, swelled stomach of limbs, rising and choking in the throat, turbid urine, frequent desire to evacuate the bowels, discharge of slime and mucus, &cc.

For nervousness, sick headache, palpitation of the heart, &c., it gives immediate relief. It also neutralizes acidity of Stomach, creates an appetite, strengthens the whole system, and cures the Piles.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, Philadelphia, and sold on Agency by Williams, Haywood, & Co., Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.

Consumption. This terrible disease is commonly attributed to our climate. But if the climate were to blame, the disease would have been inflicted on that, and not upon the people. We think the fault is in the people, and that if the people would keep the skins of themselves and their children properly washed, and abstain from glutony, poison, and idleness for a generation or two, consumption would be no more known than is now, in good society, the disease for which scratching and sulphur are the prin-

However, consumption prevails as matters are, and picks off the best and prettiest of us, in our prime. In this state of things we must do the best we can, piece out and patch out the web of life, with journeys, voyage and medicines of all the medicines we know of, Dr. Wistar's "Balsam of Wild Cherry" is what we should first recommend. We have in our office a living proof of its efficacy, who, but for it, would have been beneath the sod long ago. The inventor of this medicine, Dr. Wistar, was a man of science and humanity, and undoubtedly prepared the remedy in its best form, and the public may rely upon Mr. Fowle for the genuine article.—Boston Chronotyye, Jan. 18, 1847.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by WILLIAMS, HAY-WOOD & Co., Raleigh, N. C.

None genuine, unless signed I. Burrs on the wrapper.

MARRIED.

In Greensborough, on Wednesday evening last, by the Rev. B. T. Blake, Mr. Drury W. Bowman to Miss Minerva, daughter of Wilson S. Hill, Esq. In Orange County, N. C., on Tuesday evening the

17th inst., by the Rev. George W. Dame, of Danville, Randolph, John W. Brodnax, Esq., of Pittsylvania County, Va., to Miss Susan M., daughter of the Hon. Thomas Ruffin, Robeson, Chief Justice of North Carolina.

DIED.

In Providence, Phode Island, on the 10th inst., Lient. Charles Manly, late of the U. S. Army, and son of Hon. Charles Manly, Governor elect of this State. He entered the public service as a volunteer in the N. C. Regiment; and after marching to Mexico, he was appointed by the President a 2d Lieutenant in the Regular Army, Wake, and attached to the 12th Regiment.

At Leachville, N. C., on the 30th Sept., Mrs. Margaret Ann Riddick, aged 25 years, consort of Burwell Riddick, Esq., and daughter of the former distinguished Editor of the Southern Literary Messenger, T. W. White, deceased. Also at the same place, on the 5th instant, Frances, aged 8 months, infant daughter of Burwell

Riddick, Esq.

In Wadesborough, Anson County, on the 9th instant, Mrs. Maria Burgwynn, consort of Mr. George W. B. they were taken. Burgwynn, and mother of the late Capt Burgwynn.

MORE NEW AND SPLENDID



JUST AT HAND FROM NEW YORK. From 25 to 50 per cent under former prices.

THE attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of Raleigh, as well as those of the surrounding country, and

RICH AND BRILLLANT ASSORTMENT OF FASHIONABLE GOODS. and much deep religious feeling in their congregations, the Conference passed unanimously, a vote of arrivals from Paris and Liverpool, and which for variety, thanks to the citizens of Raleigh for their hospitality richness and beauty cannot be surpassed in this market,

FOR THE LADIES. Beautiful Cameleon Poi de Soi Silks, Black diagonal Satin, striped do. Best black Gro de Rhine and col'd plaid do. Superior black, blue and mole-colored Alpaccas. Parisian Etaffi a la Cavagnac, (a new and Splendid ar-

Plaid and striped silk Brilliantines, Gala, Cashmer, and Alpacca plaids, for Misses and Chil-

Super 6-4 Queens Cloth and Merines, for Ladies Riding Dresses. Changeable Arago plaids, Cashmeres and Delaines, 200 Pieces Elegant New Style Winter Calicoes and Ging-Woolen Shawls, Cashmer and splendid Turkeria Shawls Large and fine black Cashmer, Delaine, and Cassimer

Fine Leghorn straw and Tuscan Bonnets, for Ladies and Beautiful Winter Bonnet and Cap Ribands. Laces and Edgings, Thread and Lisle, Mull, Swiss, Book, checked and jaconet Muslins, Long, Lawn, and thread Cambric Handkerchiefs, Grass and Marseilles Skirts, Hose and Gloves,

Work Collars and figured Laces,

Gimps, Fringes and Buttons. FOR THE GENTLEMEN: Fien blue, black and Invisible Green Cloths. Ditto black, fancy, Tweed and Erminet Cashmeres, Super Beaver and Pilot cloths, for overcoats, from 1 to \$3 Lamartine Fancies, Satinet and Kentucky Jeans. Black Silk Velvet and Merino Vestings, Merino, and Lambswool Shirts and Drawers. Black and Fancy Silk Neck Handkerchiefs, White, red and Canton Flannels Superior Whitney and Twilled BEN BLANKETS, Red, Green and White Mackinac do. 4-6 and 10-4 unbleached Sheetings, Fine bleached and unbleached Shirtings, from 5 to 10

Diaper and Diaper Table Cloths, FASHIONABLE HATS, MOLESKIN, BEAVER & SILK, FASHIONABLE HATS, MOLESKIN, BEAVER & SILK, House of Commons. As party politics have nothing to Superior Fur, Cloth and Silk Plush, Cars, Boxs do with making good fires, and in discharging the duties FANCY CLOTH AND VELVET Together with many other desirable articles, all of which will be disposed of Cheap for CASH, at a small advance. as he desires not to do business on the credit system. THOMAS A. MITCHELL. Raleigh, Oct. 20, 1848.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

IN PURSUANCE of the Acts of the General Assembly, the President and Directors of the Literary Fund, have ordered the following distribution of the nett At length a friend recommended your Hair Tonic. I income of said Fund, for the year ending 1st of Septem-

WILL. A. GRAHAM, Ex. off. Pres't Lit. B'o						
ounties.	Fed. Pop.	Distri- bution Spring 1848.	Distri- bution Fall 1848.	Total Sum Distri- buted.		
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Also, WINES and BRANDY, of the best quality. or Medical purposes, and superior SEGARS and TO-BACCO, &c. &c., which they offer for sale upon the most accommodating terms. Raleigh, Oct. 1848.

. COMMON SCHOOLS.

A S Chairman of the Board of Superintendents of Common Schools for Wake Country, the subscriber would call the attention of the School Committees in the following Districts to the importance of returning the number of the children in their Districts at once for 1847; and those who have not returned for the present year, are requested to do so. Districts Number 1, 14, 22, 27, 33, 34, 48, 50, 59, 60, and 63-these to be returned for 1847, or the Districts named may fail to get their share of the School money. The Board of Superintendents are requested to meet

at the Court House, in the City of Raleigh, on Friday the 3d day of November ensuing. A full Board is desired. WM. R. POOLE, Ch'mn. October 21, 1848.

To members of the House of Commons. W. Moony of Richmond County, is a candidate of the office of Principal Doorkeeper to the next of that office, he trusts he will be excused for saying that his opinions at present, are very warmly for Doorkeeper. October 25, 1848.

Is hereby given, that application will be made to the next General Assembly of North Carolina, for the passage of an act to incorporate "Neuse Lodge No. 6, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows," a charitable association located in the town of Goldsborough.

October 25, 1848. 729-3t. Notice. Office of the Wilmington and Raleigh R. R. Co.) Wilmington, 16th Oct. 1848. THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company, will be held at this place on the second Thursday (9th) of Nov-ALEX. McRAE, President.

Oct. 17, 1848. To Members of the N. C. Legislature. THE Subscriber takes this method of informing the Members of the House of Commons, of the next session of the N. C. Legislature, that he will be a candi-

date for one of the Clerkships in that House. J. L. BADGER. Charlotte, N. C. Oct. 1848.

To Members of the House of Commons. SAMUEL J. FINCH, the Principal Door Keeper to the last House of Commons, is again a Candidate for re-election. Having heretofore served faithfully in that capacity, he trusts he will not now be rejected. September 2, 1848. 722—ts.

E are requested to announce Mr. DAVID SMITH, of Wake County, as a candidate for Principal Door-keeper to the next House of Commons, August 24, 1848.

WE are requested to announce Mr. ANDERSON BETTS, of Cumberland County, as a Candidate for Principal Doorkeeper to the next House of Commons. Mr. Betts desires it to be distinctly understood that he is a thoroughgoing Democrat. September 1, 1848. 721-4tp.

WE are requested to announce Mr. A. P. WOODALL, of Wake County, as a Candidate for Assistant Doorkeeper to the next House of Commons. September 1, 1848.

To Members of the House of Commons. TOHN T. HARRISS, of Randolph County, respectof fully informs the Members of this body that he is a candidate for the office of Doorkeeper. September 20, 1848. To the Members of the Senate.

WE are requested to announce Mr. PATRICK Me-Gowan, of Wake County, as a Candidate for reelection as Assistant Door-keer to the Senate. September 11, 1848. 723-16

WE are requested to announce Mr. In a BECK WITH, of Wake County, as a Candidate for the office of Principal Doorkceper to the next Senate. September 11, 1848. WE are requested to announce Mr. STEPHEN L. Tucken, of Franklin County, as a Candidate for

Door keeper at the ensuing session of the Legislature. Oct. 1, 1848. WE are requested to announce Mr. ARCHIBALD

to the Senate. Mr. Taylor desires it to be distinctly anto the Senate. Mr. Paylor desires a total derstood that he is a thoroughgoing Democrat.

Warren County, a Candidate for Assistant Door-998 01 836 81 1259 06 keer to the House of Commons at the next session of the 11610 533 25 1054 18 1587 43 Legislature of North Carolina. 1480 50 October 2, 1848. 1704 28 1429 20

THOMAS A. FUTRAL, of Randelph county, Tespectfully informs the members of the General Assembly, that he will be a Candidate for Engrossing Clerk 2075 25 14365 658 50 1304 34 1962 54 October 11, 1848. 559.89

WE are requested to announce J. R. Dycar of Cherokee county, as a candidate for assistant Door 17920 820 25 1627 13 2447 38 9645 440 75 875 76 1316 51 3835 177 00 348 21 525 21 9420 432 00 855 33 1287 33 11045 506 25 1002 88 1509 13 Keeper to the House of Commons, October 18, 1848.

WE are requested to announce James W. Wal-ros, of Wake County, as a Condidate for assistant Door Keeper to the House of Commons. October 12, 1848.

WE are authorized to ennounce WM. H. WALTON, as a candidate for principal door-keeper to the Senate of the ensuing Legislature of North Carolina, October 18th, 1848. [Flag capy.] 728 [Fing copy.]